



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

OCTOBER 18.

ARTHUR ERWIN BROWN, Sc.D., Vice-President, in the Chair.

Twenty-four persons present.

A paper entitled "A New Albuloid Fish from San Domingo," by Henry W. Fowler, was presented for publication.

The paper entitled "Antiquities of the St. Francis, White and Black Rivers," by Clarence B. Moore, presented July 7, was accepted for publication in the JOURNAL of the Academy.

MR. WITMER STONE made a communication on further studies of the life-zones of southern New Jersey in continuation of a paper published by him in the PROCEEDINGS of the Academy for 1907. (No abstract.)

The subject was discussed by Messrs. A. E. Brown, Philip P. Calvert, Samuel Rhoads and John W. Harshberger.

The following were ordered to be printed: